

British Army Succession of Titles: Supporting Corps

Some Corps do not have separate resources, as they are not structured in regiments, battalions, squadrons, batteries or similar. Instead, they are presented here with key dates in their histories.



Royal Army Chaplains Department

1796 - Army Chaplain's Department (**AChD**) established

Just one chaplain served in the Crimean War (1854-56)

1919 - AChD granted the 'Royal' prefix, and from then known as the Royal Army Chaplain's Department (**RACHD**)

3,030 Anglican chaplains served in the First World War and 3,692 clergy served in the Second World War

Small Arms School Corps

1853 - The School of Musketry was established in Hythe, Kent

1855 - Corps of Instructors of Musketry formed

1861-67 - The school relocated to Fleetwood, Lancashire for six years before returning to Hythe

1914 - Machine Gun School established

1919 - The School of Musketry in Hythe was renamed the Small Arms School

1923 - The Small Arms School and Machine Gun School merged to form the Corps of Small Arms and Machine Gun Schools

1926 - Corps renamed to the Headquarter Small Arms School

1929 - School renamed as the Small Arms School Corps (**SASC**)

1931 - The Chemical Warfare School at Winterbourne Gunner, Wiltshire joined the SASC as the Anti-Gas Wing

1939-45 - The SASC relocated to Pendine, Wales for the duration of the Second World War before returning to Hythe

1969 - The SASC moved from Hythe to Warminster



Royal Army Physical Training Corps

1860 - Army Gymnastic Staff (**AGS**) formed

1918 - AGS renamed the Army Physical Training Staff (**APTS**)

1940 - APTS renamed the Army Physical Training Corps (**APTTC**)

2010 - APTS granted the 'Royal' prefix, now known as the Royal Army Physical Training Corps (**RAPTTC**)



Royal Corps of Army Music

1994 - Corps of Army Music (**CAMUS**) formed

2021 - CAMUS renamed the Royal Corps of Army Music (**RCAM**)

